APPENDIX

For convenience of the court and in accordance with the rules thereof the following statutes are copied for ready reference:

Sec. 902, Title 33, U. S. C. A.

"Sec. 902. Definitions. When used in the (act) chapter—

(1) ....

(2) The term 'injury' means accidental injury or death arising out of and in the course of employment, and such occupational disease or infection as arises naturally out of such employment or as naturally or unavoidably results from such accidental injury, and includes an injury caused by the willful act of a third person directed against an employee because of his employment."

Sec. 921, Title 33, U. S. C. A.

"(b) If not in accordance with law, a compensation order may be suspended or set aside, in whole or in part, through injunction proceedings, mandatory or otherwise, brought by any party in interest against the deputy commissioner making the order, and instituted in the Federal district court for the judicial district in which the injury occurred (or in the district court of the United States for the District of Columbia if the injury occurred in the District). The orders, writs, and processes of the court in such proceedings may run, be served, and be returnable anywhere in the United States."

Sec. 171, Title 28, U. S. C. A. Sec. 91 Judicial Code as amended. (The present portions went into effect as of June 1, of 1910.):

"The State of Missouri is divided into two judicial districts, to be known as the eastern and western districts of Missouri.

The eastern district shall include the territory embraced on the 1st day of July, 1910, in the city of Saint Louis and the counties of . . . . Ralls. . . ."

Sec. 13583 R. S. Mo. 1939:

Ralls County—

"Beginning at a point in the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River, where the prolongation east of the line between townships fifty-six and fifty-seven would intersect the same; thence west with said line to the northwest corner of section five, township fifty-six, range seven, west; thence south with the subdivisional lines to the southwest corner of section thirty-two, township fifty-three, range seven, west; thence east with the township line between townships fifty-two and fifty-three to the line of Pike County; thence in a direct line to the southeast corner of section sixteen, township fifty-four, range five, west; thence in a direct line to a point on the Mississippi River, where the line between townships fifty-two (fifty-five) and fifty-three (fifty-six) strikes the same; thence east to the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River; thence up said river in the middle of the main channel, to the place of beginning."

Sec. 12004 R. S. Mo. 1929:

"All other portions of territory within the state shall remain attached, for civil and military purposes, as now provided by law."

3 U. S. Statutes at Large 545 (Act of Admission of Missouri):

Sec. 2. . . . . Provided . . . That the said State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on the river Mississippi and every other river bordering on the said State, so far as the said rivers shall form a common boundary to the said State and any

other State or States, now or hereafter to be formed and bounded by the same—such rivers to be common to both; and that the river Mississippi and the navigable rivers and waters leading to the same shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of said State as to other citizens of the United States, without any tax, duty, impost or toll therefor imposed by the said State."

Missouri Constitution of 1875, Sec. 1, Art. I. (The identical provision appeared in previous constitutions from the first.):

"... The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on the river Mississippi, and every other river bordering on the State, so far as the said rivers shall form a common boundary to the State and any other State or States...."